

## NDA Exam Pattern & Syllabus 2022

- प्रारंभिक परीक्षा (Preliminary Examination)
- एसएसबी साक्षात्कार (SSB Interview)
- मेडिकल टेस्ट (Medical test)

### एनडीए प्रारंभिक परीक्षा (Preliminary Examination)

Paper	Subjects	Maximum Marks	Time Duration
Paper-I	Mathematics	300	150 Min
Paper-II	GAT (General Ability Test)	600	150 min
<b>Total</b>		<b>900</b>	<b>300 Min (5 Hours)</b>

### NDA Paper-I Mathematics Exam Pattern in Hindi

Paper	No of Question	Time Duration	Maximum Marks	Marks Per Question	Negative Marks Per Question
Mathematics	120	150 Min	300	2.5	0.83

### NDA Mathematics Syllabus

#### बीजगणित (Algebra)

- Concept of set
- Operations on sets
- Venn diagrams
- De Morgan laws
- Binary system of numbers
- Representation of real numbers on a line
- Cartesian product, relation, equivalence relation
- Complex numbers—basic properties, modulus, argument, cube roots of unity
- Conversion of a number in decimal system to binary system and vice-versa

- Quadratic equations with real coefficients
- Arithmetic, Geometric and Harmonic progressions
- Permutation and Combination
- Solution of linear in equations of two variables by graphs
- Logarithms and their applications
- Binomial theorem and its applications

### सदिश बीजगणित (**Vector Algebra**)

- Vectors in two and three dimensions
- Magnitude and direction of a vector
- Addition of vectors
- Unit and null vectors
- Scalar multiplication of a vector
- Scalar product or dot product of two vectors
- Vector product or cross product of two vectors
- Applications—work done by a force and moment of a force and in geometrical problems

### मैट्रिक्स और निर्धारक (**Matrices & Determinants**)

- Types of matrices
- operations on matrices
- Determinant of a matrix
- Adjoint and inverse of a square matrix
- basic properties of determinants
- Applications-Solution of a system of linear equations in two or three unknowns by Cramer's rule and by Matrix Method

### त्रिकोणमिति (**Trigonometry**)

- Angles and their measures in degrees and in radians
- Trigonometrical ratios
- Multiple and Sub-multiple angles
- Trigonometric identities Sum and difference formulae
- Applications-Height and distance, properties of triangles
- Inverse trigonometric functions

### दो और तीन आयामों की विश्लेषणात्मक ज्यामिति (**Analytical Geometry of Two and Three Dimensions**)

- Distance formula
- Rectangular Cartesian Coordinate system
- Angle between two lines
- Equation of a line in various forms

- Distance of a point from a line
- Equation of a circle in standard and in general form
- Standard forms of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola
- Eccentricity and axis of a conic
- Direction Cosines and direction ratios
- Point in a three dimensional space, distance between two points
- Equation two points
- Equation of a plane and a line in various forms
- Direction Cosines and direction ratios
- Angle between two lines and angle between two planes
- Equation of a sphere

### अंतर कलन (**Differential Calculus**)

- Concept of a real valued function—domain, range and graph of a function
- Composite functions, one to one, onto and inverse functions
- Notion of limit, Standard limits—examples Continuity of functions—examples, algebraic operations on continuous functions
- Derivatives of sum, product and quotient of functions, derivative of a function with respect to another function, derivative of a composite function
- Derivative of function at a point, geometrical and physical interpretation of a derivative—applications
- Application of derivatives in problems of maxima and minima
- Second order derivatives. Increasing and decreasing functions

### समाकलन गणित और विभेदक समीकरण (**Integral Calculus & Differential Equations**)

- Integration as inverse of differentiation
- Integration by substitution and by parts
- Standard integrals involving algebraic expressions
- Trigonometric
- Hyperbolic functions
- Exponential
- Evaluation of definite integrals—determination of areas of plane regions bounded by curves— applications
- General and particular solution of a differential equations, solution of first order and first degree differential equations of various types—examples
- Definition of order and degree of a differential equation, formation of a differential equation by examples
- Application in problems of growth and decay

### आंकड़े (**Statistics**)

- Classification of data

- Frequency distribution
- Cumulative frequency distribution—examples
- Measures of Central tendency—Mean, median and mode
- Graphical representation—Histogram, Pie Chart, frequency polygon—examples
- Correlation and regression
- Variance and standard deviation—determination and comparison

### संभावना (Probability)

- Random experiment
- Outcomes and associated sample space
- Events
- Mutually exclusive and exhaustive events
- Impossible and certain events
- Union and Intersection of events
- Complementary, elementary and composite events
- Definition of probability—classical and statistical— examples
- Elementary theorems on probability—simple problems
- Conditional probability
- Bayes' theorem—simple problems
- Random variable as function on a sample space
- Binomial distribution
- Examples of random experiments giving rise to Binominal distribution

### NDA Paper-II GAT (General Ability Test) Exam Pattern

Paper	No of Question	Time Duration	Maximum Marks	Marks Per Question	Negative Marks Per Question
GAT (General Ability Test)	150	150 Min	600	4	1.33

### GAT (General Ability Test)

Section	Subject	Marks
Part-A	English	200
Part-B	Physics	100
	Chemistry	60

	General Science	40
	History	80
	Geography	80
	Current Affairs	40
<b>Total</b>		<b>600</b>

## NDA Paper-II GAT (General Ability Test) Syllabus in Hindi

### अंग्रेजी (English)

- Grammar and usage
- Vocabulary
- Comprehension and cohesion in extended text

### भौतिक विज्ञान (Physics)

- Physical Properties and States of Matter, Mass, Weight, Volume, Density and Specific Gravity, Principle of Archimedes, Pressure Barometer
- Motion of objects
- Newton's Laws of Motion
- Velocity and Acceleration
- Force and Momentum
- Parallelogram of Forces
- Gravitation
- Stability and Equilibrium of bodies
- Effects of Heat
- Elementary ideas of work, Power and Energy
- change of State and Latent Heat
- Measurement of Temperature and Heat
- Modes of transference of Heat
- Sound waves and their properties, Simple musical instruments
- Rectilinear propagation of Light
- Reflection and refraction
- Spherical mirrors and Lenses
- Human Eye
- Natural and Artificial Magnets
- Properties of a Magnet
- Earth as a Magnet
- Static and Current Electricity

- Conductors and Non-conductors
- Ohm's Law
- Simple Electrical Circuits
- Heating
- Use of X-Rays
- Lighting and Magnetic effects of Current
- Measurement of Electrical Power
- Primary and Secondary Cells
- General Principles in the working of the following: Simple Pendulum, Simple Pulleys, Siphon, Levers, Balloon, Pumps, Hydrometer, Pressure Cooker, Thermos Flask, Gramophone, Telegraphs, Telephone, Periscope, Telescope, Microscope, Mariner's Compass; Lightening Conductors, Safety Fuses.

### रसायन विज्ञान (Chemistry)

- Physical and Chemical changes
- Elements
- Symbols
- Mixtures and Compounds
- Formulae and simple Chemical Equations
- Law of Chemical Combination (excluding problems)
- Properties of Air and Water
- Preparation and Properties of Hydrogen, Oxygen, Nitrogen and Carbon dioxide
- Oxidation and Reduction
- Acids, bases and salts
- Carbon—different forms
- Fertilizers—Natural and Artificial
- Elementary ideas about the structure of Atom, Atomic Equivalent and Molecular Weights, Valency
- Material used in the preparation of substances like Soap, Glass, Ink, Paper, Cement, Paints, Safety Matches and Gun-Powder

### सामान्य विज्ञान (General Science)

- Difference between the living and nonliving
- Basis of Life—Cells, Protoplasm and Tissues
- Growth and Reproduction in Plants and Animals
- Elementary knowledge of Human Body and its important organs
- Common Epidemics, their causes and prevention
- Food—Source of Energy for man
- Constituents of food
- Balanced Diet
- The Solar System—Meteors and Comets, Eclipses
- Achievements of Eminent Scientists

## इतिहास, स्वतंत्रता आंदोलन (History, Freedom Movement)

- A broad survey of Indian History, with emphasis on Culture and Civilization
- Freedom Movement in India
- Elementary knowledge of Five Year Plans of India
- Elementary study of Indian Constitution and Administration
- Bhoodan, Sarvodaya, National Integration and Welfare State, Basic Teachings of Mahatma Gandhi
- Panchayati Raj, Co-operatives and Community Development
- Forces shaping the modern world
- Renaissance, Exploration and Discovery
- War of American Independence
- French Revolution, Industrial Revolution and Russian Revolution
- Impact of Science and Technology on Society
- Concept of one World United Nations, Panchsheel, Democracy, Socialism and Communism
- Role of India in the present world

## भूगोल (Geography)

- The Earth, its shape and size
- Latitudes and Longitudes
- Concept of time
- International Date Line
- Origin of Earth
- Movements of Earth and their effects
- Rocks and their classification
- Weathering—Mechanical and Chemical
- Earthquakes and Volcanoes
- Ocean Currents and Tides
- Atmosphere and its composition
- Temperature and Atmospheric Pressure
- Planetary Winds
- Cyclones and Anti-cyclones
- Humidity, Condensation and Precipitation
- Types of Climate
- Major Natural regions of the World
- Regional Geography of India—Climate, Natural vegetation
- Mineral and Power resources
- Location and distribution of agricultural and Industrial activities
- Land and air routes of India
- Important Sea ports and main sea
- Main items of Imports and Exports of India

## वर्तमान घटनाएं (Current Events)

- Current National events
- Current World events
- Prominent personalities—both Indian and International
- Current cultural activities
- Sports